

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria. Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

JICATION NO. FILIN		NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/930,104	08/14/2001 7590 07/19/2004		Allan Leslie Friedman	2640/1G826US1	9867
7				EXAMINER	
Alphonso A. Collins				WEST, JEFFREY R	
Darby & Darby, P.C.				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
805 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022				2857	

DATE MAILED: 07/19/2004

ease find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action

Applicant(s)		
FRIEDMAN ET AL.		
Art Unit		
2857	pur	
	FRIEDMAN ET AL	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

THE REPLY FILED 28 June 2004 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.

Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	
PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)]	
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP	
706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (3) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (3) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (3) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (3) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (3) as set forth in 37 CFR 1	
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.	
2 M The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because:	
(a) ☑ they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);	
(b) [7] they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);	
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or	
(d) they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.	
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet.	
a 🗔 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment of canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	
5.☐ The a)☐ affidavit, b)☐ exhibit, or c)☐ request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:	
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.	
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	
Claim(s) allowed:	
Claim(s) objected to:	
Claim(s) rejected:	
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner.	
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s). MARC S. HOFF	
10. Other: SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800	

Continuation Sheet (PTOL-303)

Application No.

Continuation of 2: The proposed amendment specifying that the impedance magnitude data for the hand piece/blade is obtained "while continuously driving the hand piece/blade with the drive signal" is considered to be a new issue that would require additional search and/or consideration.

The proposed amendment to claims 29 and 30 specifying that the excess heat is computed by calculating differences between "all measured" impedance magnitudes would render the claims indefinite because none of the parent claims indicate any "measured" impedance magnitudes.

The Examiner also notes that the following issues presented in the Final Office Action have not been corrected:

Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, because it recites the confusing language of "a higher minimum impedance." It is suggested that Applicant amend claim 23 in a manner similar to claim 7 to overcome this rejection.

Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph because in the limitation for calculating "differences between impedance magnitudes" it is unclear to which magnitudes the limitation is referring. For example, parent claim 7 as proposed, includes "a minimum impedance magnitude which is less than a minimum impedance magnitude obtained at a higher drive level" as well as "an unchanged minimum impedance magnitude or a minimum impedance at the lower drive level which is higher than the minimum impedance magnitude of the hand piece/blade obtained at the higher drive level." Because several impedances are defined, it is unclear to one having ordinary skill in the art what impedance magnitudes are having differences calculated.